

# TB-21ND WELD CLEANING FLUID FOR STAINLESS STEEL



by 🦲 ensitech®

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

# 1.1 Product identifier

# Product name TB-21ND WELD CLEANING FLUID FOR STAINLESS STEEL (AU)

Synonym(s) TB21ND WELD CLEANING FLUID • WELD CLEANING FLUID

## 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) TIG BRUSH WELD CLEANING SOLUTION FOR STAINLESS STEEL

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	ENSITECH PTY LTD (AU)
Address	1/144 Old Bathurst Rd, EMU PLAINS, NSW, 2750, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	+61 2 4735 7700
Fax	+61 2 4735 7744
Website	www.tigbrush.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

**Emergency** +1 352-323-3500

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s)	Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2	
	Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A	

#### 2.2 Label elements

Signal word	WARNING
Pictogram(s)	<b>(!</b>
Hazard statement(s)	

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Prevention statement(s)

P. P.

P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		

#### Response statement(s)

	-
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
	do. Continue rinsing.
P321	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P332 + P337 + P313	If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

## Storage statement(s)

None allocated.



## Disposal statement(s)

None allocated.

# 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
PHOSPHORIC ACID	7664-38-2	231-633-2	23 to 24%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	65 to 70%
PROPRIETARY INGREDIENT(S)	-	-	5%
NONIONIC SURFACTANT(S)	-	-	<1%

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.	
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.	
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.	
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.	
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities should be available.	

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the eyes and skin.

#### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition. Contact with most metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

## 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.



#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with sodium bicarbonate or 50-50 mixture of sodium carbonate and calcium hydroxide. Collect for complete neutralisation and appropriate disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas. This solution should not be used in a spraying application.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingreatent		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Phosphoric acid	SWA (AUS)		1		3

#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

## PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear PVC or rubber gloves.
Body	Wear coveralls.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type B (Inorganic gases and vapours) respirator. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear an Air-line respirator.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	ORANGE COLOURED LIQUID
Odour	SWEET ODOUR
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	100°C (Approximately)
Melting point	< 0°C
Evaporation rate	AS FOR WATER
Ηα	2.01



#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Vapour densityNOT AVAILABLESpecific gravity1 (Approximately)Solubility (water)SOLUBLEVapour pressure18 mm Hg @ 20°CUpper explosion limitNOT RELEVANTLower explosion limitNOT RELEVANTPartition coefficientNOT AVAILABLEAutoignition temperatureNOT AVAILABLEDecomposition temperatureNOT AVAILABLEViscosityNOT AVAILABLEExplosive propertiesNOT AVAILABLEOxidising propertiesNOT AVAILABLEOdour thresholdNOT AVAILABLE9.2 Other information % Volatiles> 60 % (Water)		na ononnoar proporti
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	Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
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		> 60 % (Water)

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide) and metals.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Information available for the product: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient		Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity (LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)
PHOSPHORIC ACID		1530 mg/kg (rat)	2740 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Skin	Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in burns.			
Eye	Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May result in burns with prolonged contact.			
Sensitization	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.			
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.			
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.			
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.			
STOT – single exposure	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in breathing difficulties.			
STOT – repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. Adverse effects are generally associated with single exposure.			
Aspiration	Not classified as causing aspiration.			



# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Phosphoric acid is hazardous to aquatic life at high concentrations.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

While acidity may be reduced by natural water minerals, the phosphate may persist indefinitely.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

When spilled onto soil, it will permeate downward, and may dissolve some of the soil matter, especially carbonate-based materials. Some acid will be neutralised, however significant amounts will remain for transport to groundwater.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No other information.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Waste disposal** Wearing the protective equipment detailed above, neutralise to pH 6-8 by SLOW addition to a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution or similar basic solution. Dilute with excess water and flush to drain. Waste disposal should only be undertaken in a well ventilated area.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
Poison schedule	Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).			
Classifications	Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.			
	The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].			
Hazard codes	Xi	Irritant		
Risk phrases	R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.		
Safety phrases	S26 S45	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).		
Inventory listing(s)	AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.			



## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information		n mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, everse.			
	RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.				
The recommendation for pro only. Factors such as me		PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: endation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide s such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection otective equipment is made.			
	HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; pri- equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAler which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the ris apply control methods where appropriate.				
Abbreviations	ACGIH CAS # CNS EC No. EMS GHS GTEPG IARC LC50 LD50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OEL pH PPm STEL STOT-RE STOT-RE SUSMP SWA TLV TWA	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds Central Nervous System EC No - European Community Number Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) Globally Harmonized System Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide International Agency for Research on Cancer Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose Milligrams per Cubic Metre Occupational Exposure Limit relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). Parts Per Million Short-Term Exposure Limit Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons Safe Work Australia Threshold Limit Value Time Weighted Average			
Report status		nt has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the erves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').			
	manufacturer, the current sta at the time of	on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent ate of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product f issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained he manufacturer, importer or supplier.			

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